SAFETY DATA SHEET

8-74610

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: High Production Non-Sanding Primer White GS903
Product code	: 8-74610
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: Imported By: The Sherwin-Williams Company 4440 Warrensville Center Road Warrensville Heights, OH 44128
Emergency telephone number of the company Product Information Telephone Number	 US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: 55-4160-8800 / 55-4160-8819 Monday to Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. US / Canada: (800) 798-5872 Mexico: 800-022-7926
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 12/13/2024	Date of previous issue	: 10/1/2024	Version : 5	1/19
	High Production Non-S White GS903	Sanding Primer			SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	 DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY. This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure.
	transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Titanium Dioxide	≥10 - ≤25	13463-67-7
Barium Sulfate	≥10 - ≤25	7727-43-7
n-Butyl Acetate	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	≤10	64742-95-6
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤5	108-65-6
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	≤5	110-43-0
Amorphous Precipitated Silica	≤3	112926-00-8
Aluminum Orthophosphate	≤3	7784-30-7
Xylene, mixed isomers	≤0.3	1330-20-7
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	≤0.3	14808-60-7
Dioctyltin Dilaurate	≤0.3	3648-18-8
Ethylbenzene	≤0.3	100-41-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Date of issue/Date	e of revision	: 12/13/2024	Date of previous issue	: 10/1/2024	Version : 5	2/19
8-74610	High Production Non-S White GS903	Sanding Primer			SHW-85-NA-GHS-	US

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/ef	feo	ts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	ts	
Eye contact	:	Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	on	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 12/13/2024	Date of previous issue	: 10/1/2024	Version	:5	3/19
8-74610	High Production Non-Sa White GS903	anding Primer			SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	

Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
ndication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Remark	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Flammable liquid.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handli	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	1	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area.
including any		Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated
incompatibilities		area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store
		locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep
		container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been
		opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in
		unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
		contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours.TWA: 710 mg/m³ 10 hours.STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes.OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours.ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). [Butyacetates]STEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	64742-95-6 108-65-6	None. OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	110-43-0	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Amorphous Precipitated Silica	112926-00-8	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [SILICA, AMORPHOUS]
ate of issue/Date of revision : 12/13/2024 74610 High Production Non-Sanding Primer White GS903	Date of previous issue	: 10/1/2024 Version : 5 6 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Aluminum Orthophosphate	7784-30-7	TWA: 6 mg/m ³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). [Aluminum, metal and insoluble compounds]
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	14808-60-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SjO ₂ +5) 8 hours. Form:
		 Respirable TWA: 200 mppci / (%SiO₂+3) 6 hours. Form: Respirable OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica, crystalline] TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). [Silica, crystalline] TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [SILICA, CRYSTALLINE] TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust
Dioctyltin Dilaurate	3648-18-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). [Tin, organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours. STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [tin organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Tin, organic compounds] TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 12/13/2024	Date of previous issue	: 10/1/2024	Version	:5	7/19
8-74610	High Production Non-S White GS903	anding Primer			SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	3

123-86-4	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).
	 OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). [butyl acetates] STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
110-43-0	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 115 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
112-07-2	 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 131 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 10 ppm 8 hours.
1330-20-7	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Dimethylbenzene] OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	112-07-2

Quartz 05E:: 130 ppm 15 minutes. Quartz 070 ppm 8 hours. Quartz 14808-60-7 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). Yiyene (o, m. & pisomers)] TWAE: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). Yiyene (o, m. p. pisomers)] TWAE: 130 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). Yiyene (o, m. p. pisomers)] STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). WA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). Yiyene) STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). CE: 0.225 mg/m 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). TWA: 0.1 mg/m 8 hours. Form: respirable aerosol fraction CA Saskatchewan Provinci	Outer: 43 migrim® 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2023), Cylene (o, m a p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 160 ppm 15 minutes. CA Dubber Provincial (Canada, 2/2024), Cylene (o, m, p isomers)] STEL: 160 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 161 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). (Canada, 5/2019). STEV: 161 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 161 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). (Canada, 5/2019). STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. (Canada, 5/2019). STEV: 150 ppm 16 hours. Form: Respirable (Canada, 5/2019). STEV: 150 ppm 16 hours. Form: Respirable (Canada, 5/2019). STEV: 150 ppm 16 hours. Form: Respirable (Canada, 5/2019). STEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. Form: Respirable (Canada, 5/2019). STEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. Form: Respirable (Canada, 5/2019). <th>1</th> <th>1</th> <th>1</th>	1	1	1
Quartz STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Quartz 14808-60-7 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2021), Kylene] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023), [Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz and Cristobalite] TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Outario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Silica, Crystalline - Quartz] TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable areators. Form: Respirable are	Quartz STEL: 160 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021), [Xylema] STEL: 160 ppm 16 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Quartz 14808-60-7 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023), [Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz and Cristobalite] TWA: 0.025 mg/m 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 0.025 mg/m 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 4/2021), UTWA: 0.025 mg/m 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. CA Outario Provincial (Canada, 4/2021), UTWA: 0.025 mg/m 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. CA Outario Provincial (Canada, 4/2021), [Silica, Crystalline - Quartz] TWA: 0.1 mg/m 8 hours. Form: respirable particulate matter. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 4/2021), [Tim Crystalline Quartz] TWA: 0.1 mg/m ² , 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction Dioctyttin Dilaurate 3648-18-8 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Tin Organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. OEL: 0.2 mg/m ² , (as Sn) 15 minutes. OEL: 0.1 mg/m ² , (as Sn) 15 minutes. OEL: 0.1 mg/m ² , (as Sn) 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023), [Tin Organic Compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ² , (as Sn) 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 8/2021), [Tin Organic Compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ² , (as Sn) 16 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 8/2021), [Tin Organic Compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ² , (as Sn) 16 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 8/2021), [Tin Organic Compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ² , (as Sn) 16 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 8/2021), [Tin organic Compounds] Absorbed through skin.			OEL: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). [Xylene] TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEV: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
BiologyBiolo	 Bilota, Crystalline - alpha quartz and Cristobalitej WA: 0.025 mg/m² 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 0.025 mg/m² 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Silica, Crystalline Quartz/Tripoli)] TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. CA Queate Crystalline Quartz/ TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable particulate matter. CA Queate Crystalline Quartz/ TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). (Tin Organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. OEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 minutes. OEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). (Tin Organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. STEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). (Tin Organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. CA Contario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). (Tin Organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. CA Contario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). (Tin Organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). (Tin Organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. 			STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). [Xylene] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
[Tin Organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. OEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 minutes. OEL: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Tin - Organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. STEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Tin (Organic compounds)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. STEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Tin (Organic compounds)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).	[Tin Organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. OEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 minutes. OEL: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Tin - Organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. STEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Tin (Organic compounds)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Tin (Organic compounds)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). [Tin organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). [Tin organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). [Tin organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. Date of issue/Date of revision :12/13/2024 Date of previous issue :10/1/2024 Version :5 9	Quartz	14808-60-7	 8/2023). [Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz and Cristobalite] TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)] TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). [Silica Crystalline -Quartz] TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable aerosol fraction CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable
Absorbed through skin.		Dioctyltin Dilaurate	3648-18-8	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Tin Organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. OEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes. OEL: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Tin - Organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours. STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Tin (Organic compounds)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). [Tin organic compounds]

		CTEL: 0.0 mar/m3 (manageurad on Cm) 4E
		STEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (measured as Sn) 15
		minutes.
		TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (measured as Sn) 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).
		OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		OEL: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		OEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
		CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
		8/2023).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024).
		TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
		4/2021).
		STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		1 WA. 100 ppin 0 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

	CAS #	Exposure limits
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	110-43-0	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Dioctyltin Dilaurate	3648-18-8	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Estaño, compuestos orgánicos] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours. STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices (United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Xylene, mixed isomers	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) [xylenes (technical or commercial grades)] BEI: 0.3 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/13/2024 Date of provious issue : 10/1/2024	orsion
Flash point	: Closed cup: 33°C (91.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]	
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 123°C (253.4°F)	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.	
рН	: Not applicable.	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
Odor	: Not available.	
Color	: White.	
Physical state	: Liquid.	
<u>Appearance</u>		

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 12/13/2024	Date of previous issue	: 10/1/2024	Version : 5	11/19
8-74610	High Production Non-S White GS903	anding Primer			SHW-85-NA-GHS-L	IS

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

-				
Evaporation rate	1	: 1 (butyl acetate = 1)		
Flammability	1	Flammable liquid.		
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	: Lower: 0.7% Upper: 13.1%		
Vapor pressure	1	1.3	kPa (10 mm Hg)	
Relative vapor density	:	3.94	[Air = 1]	
Relative density	1	1.51		
Solubility(ies)	1			
Media			Result	
cold water			Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not	applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	1	: Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.			
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)			
Molecular weight	:	Not	applicable.	
Heat of combustion	:	9.42	24 kJ/g	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/13/2024 Date of previous iss	sue : 10/1/2024	Ver:	sion : 5 12/19
-74610 High Production No White GS903	n-Sanding Primer		SH	W-85-NA-GHS-US

Section 11. Toxicological information

	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Dioctyltin Dilaurate	LD50 Oral	Rat	6450 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 mg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
,	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium Dioxide Amorphous Precipitated Silica Xylene, mixed isomers Crystalline Silica, respirable powder Ethylbenzene	- - +	2B 3 3 1 2B	- - - Known to be a human carcinogen. -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methyl n-Ámyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	Category 1	inhalation	-
Dioctyltin Dilaurate	Category 1	-	immune system
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

8-74610

Potential acute hea	Ith effects
Eye contact	: Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/13/2024 Date of previous issue : 10/1/2024

Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate eff	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	ifects
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: May damage the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	52506.92 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	360.99 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Barium Sulfate	Acute EC50 634 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute EC50 32 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata	72 hours
-	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp.</i> - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/13/2024 Date of previous issue	: 10/1/2024 Version : 5	15/1
8-74610 High Production White GS903	Non-Sanding Primer	SHW-85-NA-	GHS-US

Section 12. Ecol	ogical information		
	Acute LC50 4200 ug/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily Readily
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons		10 to 2500	High
Xylene, mixed isomers		8.1 to 25.9	Low
Dioctyltin Dilaurate		<100	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons, Zinc Phosphate)
	evision : 12/13/2 h Production Non-Sanding Pr ite GS903		issue : 10/1/202		sion : 5 16/19 N-85-NA-GHS-US

Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
	CAMPAGE LIGHT				
Packing group	III	Ш	111	Ш	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).	-	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S- E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		
pecial precautions	consid mode suitabl to ship	nodal shipping descrip er container sizes. Th of transport (sea, air, y for that mode of tran ment, and compliance	e presence of a shi etc.), does not indic nsport. All packagin e with the applicable	pping description for ate that the product g must be reviewed e regulations is the s	a particular is packaged for suitability prior ole responsibility
	dange	person offering the pr ous goods must be to all actions in case of	rained on all of the r	isks deriving from th	
ansport in bulk ac IMO instruments	cording : Not ava	ilable.			

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

All data given below are MAXIMUM THEORETICAL VALUES based on the product AS CURRENTLY FORMULATED and rely on information provided to us by our raw material suppliers. Our suppliers often provide an estimated value or range less than a certain upper limit. We calculate MAXIMUM THEORETICAL VALUES using defined values, if provided, or the upper limit reported by our supplier. Additionally, the suppliers' information may include amounts present in the product as unintentional byproducts or impurities. Variations may occur in individual batches due to adjustments made during production.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Mercury (as Hg)	0.00003	
Ethylbenzene	0.1	100-41-4
Zinc Compound	4	
Zinc	2	
Lead (as Pb)	0.00003	

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

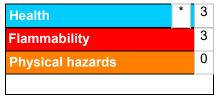
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

International lists	: Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined.
	China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
	Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.
	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
	Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
	Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
	Thailand inventory: Not determined.
	Turkey inventory: Not determined.
	Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

History

Date of issue/Date of revision		: 12/13/2024	Date of previous issue	: 10/1/2024	Version : 5	18/19
8-74610	High Production Non-Sanding Primer White GS903				SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	;

Section 16. Other information

Date of printing	: 12/13/2024
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/13/2024
Date of previous issue	: 10/1/2024
Version	: 5
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.