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1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

· Trade name: US Standard Fuel Tank Sealer

· 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance / the mixture: Isocyanate resin

· 1.3 Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

· Manufacturer/Supplier:

Absolute Coatings Inc. 38 Portman Road

New Rochelle, NY 10801 Phone: 1-800-221-8010

· 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

ChemTel Inc.

(800)255-3924, +1 (813)248-0585

2 Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The following classifications are applicable only to the general GHS regulations and not the specific CLP regulation: H227.

The following Hazard Statements are applicable only to the EU regulations and not the US GHS regulation: H412.

H227: Combustible Liquid. (General GHS and USA only)



Health hazard

Resp. Sens. 1; H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Muta. 1B; H340: May cause genetic defects.

Carc. 1B; H350: May cause cancer.

STOT RE 2; H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.



Acute Tox. 4; H332: Harmful if inhaled.

Skin Irrit, 2: H315: Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irrit. 2; H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Sens. 1; H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT SE 3; H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Aguatic Chronic 3; H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or Directive 1999/45/EC



Xn; Harmful

R40: Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

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(Contd. of page 1)

Xn; Sensitising

R42/43: May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.



Xi; Irritant

R36/37/38: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R52/53: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Information concerning particular hazards for human and environment:

The product has to be labelled due to the calculation procedure of the "General Classification guideline for preparations of the EU" in the latest valid version.

· Classification system:

The classification is according to the latest editions of the EU-lists, and extended by company and literature data.

The classification is in accordance with the latest editions of international substances lists, and is supplemented by information from technical literature and by information provided by the company.

· 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The following Hazard Statements are applicable only to the EU regulations and not the US GHS regulation: H412.

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms





GHS07 GHS08

· Signal word: Danger

· Hazard-determining components of labelling:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. polymethylene diisocyanate polymer

methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

· Hazard statements

The following Hazard Statements are applicable only to the EU regulations and not the US GHS regulation: H412.

The following Hazard Statements are applicable only to the general GHS regulations and not the specific CLP regulation: H227.

H227: Combustible Liquid. (General GHS and USA only)

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H340: May cause genetic defects. H350: May cause cancer.

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(Contd. of page 2)

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· Precautionary statements

P285: In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. P264:

Wash thoroughly after handling.

P260: Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P342+P311: If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P314: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

· Additional information:

Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

Restricted to professional users.

- Hazard description:
- · WHMIS-symbols:

D2A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects



· NFPA ratings (scale 0 - 4)



· HMIS-ratings (scale 0 - 4)



* - Indicates a long term health hazard from repeated or prolonged exposures.

| · HMIS Long Term Health Hazard Substances | | |
|---|--|--|
| 101-68-8 | 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate | |
| 26447-40-5 | methylenediphenyl diisocyanate | |
| 9016-87-9 | polymethylene polyphenylene isocyanate | |

- · 2.3 Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

(Contd. on page 4)

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3 Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.2 Mixtures
- · **Description:** Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

| | Polymer based on methylene diisocyanate Xi R36/38; Xi R43 R52/53 | 50-100% |
|--|---|---------|
| | Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | |
| CAS: 101-68-8 EINECS: 202-966-0 Index number: 615-005-00-9 | 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate Xn R20; Xn R42/43; Xi R36/37/38 Carc. Cat. 3 | 10-25% |
| | Resp. Sens. 1, H334; STOT RE 2, H373 Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335 | |
| CAS: 64742-95-6 EINECS: 265-199-0 Index number: 649-356-00-4 | Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. Xn R65 Carc. Cat. 2 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | <10% |
| CAS: 26447-40-5 EINECS: 247-714-0 Index number: 615-005-00-9 | methylenediphenyl diisocyanate Xn R20; Xn R42/43; Xi R36/37/38 Carc. Cat. 3 | <10% |
| | Resp. Sens. 1, H334; STOT RE 2, H373 Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335 | |
| CAS: 9016-87-9 | polymethylene polyphenylene isocyanate Xn R20-40-48/20; Xn R42/43; Xi R36/37/38 Carc. Cat. 3 | <10% |
| | Resp. Sens. 1, H334; STOT RE 2, H373 Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335 | |
| CAS: 64742-48-9 EINECS: 265-150-3 | Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy ★ Xn R65 | <10% |

· Additional information: For the wording of the listed risk phrases refer to section 16.

4 First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- General information:

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Remove breathing equipment only after contaminated clothing have been completely removed. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration. Take affected persons out into the fresh air.

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· After inhalation:

Supply fresh air.

In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration. Seek immediate medical advice.

· After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse

thoroughly. If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

· After eye contact:

Immediately remove contact lenses if possible.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

· After swallowing:

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

· 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Asthma attacks

Headache

Nausea

Cramp

Dizziness

Profuse sweating

Cyanosis

Breathing difficulty

Allergic reactions

Disorientation

· Hazards

Danger of pneumonia.

Danger of convulsion.

Danger of disturbed cardiac rhythm.

Danger of impaired breathing.

· 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If swallowed, gastric irrigation with added, activated

carbon. Contains isocyanates.

In cases of irritation to the lungs, initial treatment with cortical steroid

inhalants. If necessary oxygen respiration treatment.

Later observation for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema.

Medical supervision for at least 48 hours.

If blue colouring appears (lips, ear-lobes, finger-nails), give oxygen treatment as quickly as possible.

Severe allergic skin reaction, bronchial spasms and anaphylactic shock are possible.

Treat skin and mucous membrane with antihistamine and corticoid preparations.

5 Firefighting measures

· 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents:

Alcohol resistant foam

Fire-extinguishing powder

Carbon dioxide

Gaseous extinguishing agents

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(Contd. of page 5)

Water haze or fog

· For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet

• 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During heating or in case of fire poisonous gases are produced.

· 5.3 Advice for firefighters

· Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Wear fully protective suit.

· Additional information

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Cool endangered receptacles with water fog or haze.

6 Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Ensure adequate ventilation

Isolate area and prevent access.

Keep away from ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

· 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Additional Spill Procedures/Neutralization: Neutralization solutions:

(1) Colorimetric Laboratories Inc. (CLI) decontamination solution.

- (2) A mixture of 75% water, 20% non-ionic surfactant (e.g. Plurafac SL-62, Tergitol TMN-10) and 5% n-propanol.
- (3) A mixture of 80% water, 20% non-ionic surfactant (e.g. Plurafac SL-62, Tergitol TMN-10).
- (4) A mixture of 90% water, 3-8% ammonium hydroxide or concentrated ammonia, and 2% liquid

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Do not flush with water or aqueous cleansing agents

· 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Take note of emission threshold.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

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· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Keep respiratory protective device available.

Protect from heat.

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Provide ventilation for receptacles.

Store in a cool location.

Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame.

· Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Store away from foodstuffs.

Do not store together with acids.

Store away from oxidizing agents.

Do not store together with alkalis (caustic solutions).

· Further information about storage conditions:

Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed

receptacles. Store receptacle in a well ventilated area.

Keep container tightly sealed.

• 7.3 Specific end use(s): No further relevant information available.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

- · Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.
- · 8.1 Control parameters

| · Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace: | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 101-68-8 4,4' | 101-68-8 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate | | | | |
| PEL (USA) | Short-term value: C 0,2 mg/m³, C 0,02 ppm | | | | |
| REL (USA) | Short-term value: C 0,2* mg/m³, C 0,02* ppm | | | | |
| | Long-term value: 0,05 mg/m³, 0,005 ppm *10-min | | | | |
| TLV (USA) | 0,051 mg/m³, 0,005 ppm | | | | |
| EL (Canada) | Short-term value: C 0,01 ppm Long-term value: 0,005 ppm Skin; S | | | | |
| EV (Canada) | 0,005 ppm | | | | |

- · **DNELs:** No further relevant information available.
- PNECs: No further relevant information available.
- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

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- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures:









Personal protective equipment must be selected to prevent inhalation of vapors and contact with skin and eyes. At a bare minimum, safety glasses, gloves, apron, and combination particle/vapor respirator should be worn. In some cases, supplied air, full body suits and boots will be needed.

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling

chemicals. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

· Respiratory protection:

Combined Organic Vapor and Particulate Respirator is recommended for use during all processing activities.

· Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation.

Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable:

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Butyl rubber, BR

Neoprene gloves

· Eye protection:

Contact lenses should not be worn.

Safety glasses

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· Body protection:

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Boots



Apror

Full head, face and neck protection Impervious protective clothing

· Limitation and supervision of exposure into the environment

No further relevant information available.

· Risk management measures

See Section 7 for additional information.

No further relevant information available.

9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

· General Information

· Appearance:

Form:

Liquid

Colour:

Orange Characteristic

· Odour:

· pH-value:

Not determined.

· Odour threshold:

Not determined.

· Change in condition

Melting point/Melting range:

Not Determined.

Boiling point/Boiling range:

406 °F / 208 °C

· Flash point:

199 °F / 93 °C (Estimate)

· Flammability (solid, gaseous):

Not applicable.

· Auto/Self-ignition temperature:

Not determined.

· Decomposition temperature:

Not determined.

· Self-igniting:

Product is not self-igniting.

· Danger of explosion:

Product does not present an explosion hazard.

· Explosion limits:

Lower:

Not determined.

Upper:

Not determined.

· Vapour pressure:

Not determined.

· Density at 20 °C:

1,06 g/cm³

· Relative density

Not determined.

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GHS

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Vapour densityEvaporation rate

Not determined. Not determined.

· Solubility in / Miscibility with

water:

Not miscible or difficult to mix.

· Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not determined.

· Viscosity:

Dynamic: Kinematic:

Not determined. Not determined.

· Solvent content:

VOC (US EPA Method 24)

98 g/l

Solids content:

Not determined.

• **9.2 Other information** No further relevant information available.

10 Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity
- · 10.2 Chemical stability
- · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with alcohols, amines, aqueous acids and alkalis.

Reacts with oxidizing agents.

Toxic fumes may be released if heated above the decomposition point.

· 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Store away from oxidizing agents.

- 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

Poisonous gases/vapours

Isocyanate

Nitrogen oxides

Hydrogen cyanide (prussic acid)

11 Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity:

101-68-8 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Oral LD50 2200 mg/kg (mouse)

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| | | (Contd. of page 10 | | | | |
|------------|---|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 64742-95- | 64742-95-6 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. | | | | | |
| Oral | LD50 | >6800 mg/kg (rat) | | | | |
| Dermal | LD50 | >3400 mg/kg (rab) | | | | |
| Inhalative | LC50/4 h | >10,2 mg/l (rat) | | | | |

· Primary irritant effect:

- · On the skin: Irritant to skin and mucous membranes.
- · In the eye: Irritating effect.
- · Sensitization:

Sensitization possible through inhalation. Sensitization possible through skin contact.

Subacute to chronic toxicity:

Inhalation of concentrated vapours as well as oral intake will lead to anaesthesia-like conditions and headache, dizziness, etc.

· Additional toxicological information:

Toxic and/or corrosive effects may be delayed up to 24 hours.

The product shows the following dangers according to the calculation method of the General EU Classification Guidelines for Preparations as issued in the latest version:

Harmful

Irritant

Danger through skin adsorption.

· Sensitisation:

Sensitization possible by skin contact.

Sensitization possible by inhalation and/or dermal contact.

Repeated dose toxicity:

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated exposures may result in skin and/or respiratory sensitivity.

CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction):

Muta. 1B, Carc. 1B

12 Ecological information

- · 12.1 Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: The product contains materials that are harmful to the environment.
- · 12.2 Persistence and degradability: Not easily biodegradable
- · 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential: May be accumulated in organism
- 12.4 Mobility in soil: No further relevant information available.
- · Ecotoxical effects:
- · Remark:

Due to mechanical actions of the product (e.g. agglutinations) damages may occur.

The product is oxygen-consuming. The declared action may be partly caused by lack of oxygen. Harmful to fish

- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

This statement was deduced from products with a similar structure or composition.

Due to available data on eliminability/decomposition and bioaccumulation potential prolonged term damage of the environment can not be excluded.

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Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

Harmful to aquatic organisms

- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- 12.6 Other adverse effects: No further relevant information available.

13 Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. After prior treatment product has to be disposed of in an incinerator for hazardous waste adhering to the regulations pertaining to the disposal of particularly hazardous waste.

- Uncleaned packaging:
- Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

14 Transport information

· 14.1 UN-Number

DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA
 Not Regulated

· 14.2 UN proper shipping name

· DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA Not Regulated

· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

· DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA

· Class Not Regulated

· 14.4 Packing group

· DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA Not Regulated

· 14.5 Environmental hazards:

· Marine pollutant: No

• 14.6 Special precautions for user Not applicable.

· 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of

MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

· UN "Model Regulation":

(Contd. on page 13)

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- \cdot 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- United States (USA)
- · SARA
- Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances): None of the ingredients is listed.
- · Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

101-68-8 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

9016-87-9 polymethylene polyphenylene isocyanate

· TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

- · Proposition 65 (California):
- · Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients are listed.

· Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Carcinogenic Categories

| · EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) | | | | | |
|--|--|-----|--|--|--|
| 101-68-8 | 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate | CBD | | | |
| 9016-87-9 | polymethylene polyphenylene isocyanate | CBD | | | |
| IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) | | | | | |
| 101-68-8 | 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate | 3 | | | |
| 9016-87-9 | polymethylene polyphenylene isocyanate | 3 | | | |

· TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Canada

| Gariada | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) | | | | | |
| 101-68-8 | 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate | | | | |
| 64742-48-9 | Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | | | | |
| 64742-95-6 | Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. | | | | |
| 26447-40-5 | methylenediphenyl diisocyanate | | | | |
| 9016-87-9 | polymethylene polyphenylene isocyanate | | | | |
| | (Contd. on page 14) | | | | |

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Canadian Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%)

101-68-8 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%)

None of the ingredients is listed.

- · National regulations:
- Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations HSNO Numbers: 6.5A, 6.6A, 6.7A, 6.1E, 6.3A, 6.4A, 6.5B, 3.1D, 9.1C
- · Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to REACH, Article 57

None of the ingredients is listed.

• 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H340: May cause genetic defects.

H350: May cause cancer.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

R20: Harmful by inhalation.

R36/37/38: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R36/38: Irritating to eyes and skin.

R40: Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

R42/43: May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.

R43: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R48/20: Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

R52/53: Harmful to aquatic organism s, m ay cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

DOT: US Department of Transportation

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

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Safety Data Sheet according to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and **GHS**

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ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA) HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity, Hazard Category 4

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation, Hazard Category 2

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 2

Resp. Sens. 1: Sensitisation - Respirat., Hazard Category 1 Skin Sens. 1: Sensitisation - Skin, Hazard Category 1

Muta. 1B: Germ cell mutagenicity, Hazard Category 1B Carc. 1B: Carcinogenicity, Hazard Category 1B

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure, Hazard Category 3 STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Hazard Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard, Category 3